Claims

- 1. (Original) A method to prepare at least part of at least one surface of a substrate comprising; depositing on said surface at least one plasma monomer wherein during deposition of said monomer, means are provided which move the monomer source across a surface to be treated to manufacture a non-uniform plasma polymer surface.
- 2. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 1 wherein said means moves said substrate relative to said monomer source.
- 3. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 1 wherein said means moves said monomer source relative to said substrate.
- 4. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in any of claims claim 1 [[to 3]] wherein the surface comprises at least one plasma polymer of at least one monomer wherein the concentration of said plasma polymer is non-uniform across said surface, or part thereof.
- 5. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in any preceding claim 1 wherein there is provided a surface comprising two or more plasma polymers formed from at least two monomers.
- 6. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in any of claims claim 5 wherein the concentration of at least one plasma polymer is non-uniform across said surface, or part thereof.
- 7. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in any preceding-claim 1 wherein the monomer is a volatile alcohol.
- 8. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in any of claims claim 1 [[to 6]] wherein said monomer is a volatile acid.

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- 9. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in any of claims claim 1 [[to 6]] wherein the monomer is a volatile amine.
- 10. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in any of claims claim 1 [[to 6]] wherein the monomer is a volatile hydrocarbon.
- 11. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in any of claims claim 1 [[to 6]] wherein the monomer is a volatile fluorocarbon.
- 12. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in any of claims claim 1 [[to 6]] wherein the monomer is an ethyleneoxide-type molecule.
- 13. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in any of claims claim 1 [[to 6]] wherein the monomer is a volatile siloxane.
- 14. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in any of claims claim 1 [[to 6]] wherein said monomer is at least one selected from the group consisting of: allyl alcohol, acrylic acid, octa-1,7,-diene, allyl amine, perfluorohexane, tetraethyleneglycol monoallyl ether or hexamethyldisiloxane (HMDSO).
- 15. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in any of claims claim 4 [[to 14]] wherein said polymer consists of a single monomer.
- 16. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 15 wherein said monomer consists essentially of an ethylenically unsaturated organic compound.
- 17. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 16 wherein the monomer consists essentially of a single ethylenically unsaturated organic compound.
- 18. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 17 wherein the monomer consists of an ethylene oxide type molecule.

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- 19. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in claim 16 [[or 17]] wherein the compound is an alkene, a carboxylic acid, an alcohol or an amine.
- 20. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 15 wherein the monomer consists of a mixture of two or more ethylenically unsaturated organic compounds.
- 21. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 20 wherein the compounds are selected form the group consisting of: an alkene, a carboxylic acid, an alcohol, or an amine.
- 22. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 15 wherein the monomer consists essentially of a saturated organic compound.
- 23. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 15 wherein the monomer consists essentially of an aromatic compound or a heterocyclic compound.
- 24. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in any preceding claim $\underline{1}$ wherein the monomer has a vapour pressure of at least 6.6×10^{-2} mbar.
- 25. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in any of claims claim 4 [[to 14]] wherein the polymer is a co-polymer.
- 26. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 25 wherein the co-polymer comprises at least one organic monomer with at least one hydrocarbon.
- 27. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 26 wherein the hydrocarbon is an alkene.
- 28. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in any preceding claim 1 wherein the monomer (s) is/are deposited on said surface in spatially separated dots.

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- 29. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in any of claims claim 1 [[to 27]] wherein the monomer (s) is are deposited on said surface in tracks or lines.
- 30. (Currently amended) A method as claimed in claim 28 [[or 29]] wherein the dots and/or lines are of different polymer chemistry.
- 31. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 30 wherein the chemical composition of the line, track or dot is non-uniform along its length and in height.
- 32. (Currently amended) A substrate comprising a surface obtainable by the method claimed in any of claims claim 1 [[to 31]].
- 33. (Original) A substrate as claimed in claim 32 selected from the group consisting of: glass; plastics (e.g. polyethylene terephthalate, high density polyethylene, low density polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride, polypropylene or polystyrene); nitrocellulose, or nylon, metal, ceramics, quartz, metal films or silicon wafer.
- 34. (Currently amended) An assay product comprising the substrate of claim 32 [[or 33]].
 - 35. (Original) An assay product as claimed in claim 34 that is a microarray.
 - 36. (Original) An assay product as claimed in claim 35 that is a microtitre plate.
- 37. (Currently amended) A product for separating cells and/or proteins and/or macromolecules comprising the substrate of claim 32 [[or 33]].
- 38. (Currently amended) A substrate as claimed in claim 32 [[or 33]] further comprising a microfluidic device, or a part thereof (e.g. valve, switch, guide channel, binding site, pump).

- 39. (Currently amended) An assay product as claimed in claim 34, 35 or 36 for use with an array printer.
- 40. (Currently amended) An assay product as claimed in claim 34, 35-or 36 for use with an array reader.

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